



40Gbase QSFP+ Transceiver



#### **Features**

- Four-Channel full-duplex transceiver modules
- Transmission data rate up to 14.025Gbit/s per channel
- 4 channels 850nm VCSEL array
- 4 channels PIN photo detector array
- Low power consumption <1.5W</li>
- Housing isolated from connector ground
- Operating case temperature 0°C to +70°C
- 3.3V power supply voltage
- RoHS 6 compliant
- Hot Pluggable QSFP form factor
- Maximum link length of 100m on OM3 Multimode Fiber (MMF) and 150m on OM4 MMF
- Single MPO connector receptacle
- Built-in digital diagnostic function

#### **Applications**

- InfiniBand FDR
- 16x Fibre Channel
- PCI-e3.0
- Proprietary High Speed Interconnections
- SAS 3.0

#### **Product Description**

Legrand's QSFP-40G-SR4-S-LEG Quad Small Form Factor Pluggable (QSFP+) transceivers are compatible with the Small Form Factor Pluggable Multi-Sourcing Agreement (MSA). The QSFP+ transceivers are high performance, cost effective modules supporting 40 Gigabit Ethernet and up to 150m transmission distance with MMF.

Legrand's QSFP+ transceivers are RoHS compliant and lead-free.

# **Absolute Maximum Ratings**

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
Supply Voltage	Vcc	-0.3		3.6	V
Input Voltage	Vin	-0.3		Vcc+0.3	V
Storage Temperature	Tst	-20		85	°C
Case Operating Temperature	Тор	0		70	°C
Humidity (non-condensing)	Rh	5		95	%

# **Recommended Operating Conditions**

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
Supply Voltage	Vcc	3.13	3.3	3.47	V
Operating Case Temperature	Тса	0		70	°C
Data Rate Per Lane	fd	2.5		14.025	Gbps
Humidity	Rh	5		85	%
Power Dissipation	Pm			1.5	w
Fiber Bend Radius	Rb	3			cm

## **Electrical Characteristics**

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Notes
Differential Input impedance	Zin	90	100	110	ohm	
Differential Output impedance	Zout	90	100	110	ohm	
Differential Input Voltage amplitude	ΔVin	300		1100	mVp-p	
Differential output voltage amplitude	ΔVout	500		800	mVp-p	
Skew	Sw			300	ps	
Bit Error Rate	BR			E-12		
Input Logic Level High	VIH	2.0		VCC	V	
Input Logic Level Low	VIL	0		0.8	V	
Output Logic Level High	VOH	VCC-0.5		VCC	V	
Output Logic Level Low	VOL	0		0.4	V	

# **Optical Characteristics**

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Notes	
Transmitter							
Center Wavelength	λC	840	850	860	nm		
RMS Spectral Width	Δλ			0.65	nm		
Average Optical Power per Channel	Pout	-7.5		2.5	dBm		
Difference in launch power between any two lanes (OMA)				4	dB		
Extinction Ratio	ER	3			dB		
Peak power, each lane				4	dBm		
Transmitter and dispersion penalty (TDP), each lane	TDP			3.5	dB		
Eye Mask Coordinates: X1, X2, X3, Y1, Y2, Y3	Specification Values 0.23, 0.34, 0.43, 0.27, 0.35, 0.4					Hit Ratio = 5x10-5	
Receiver							
Center Wavelength	λC	840	850	860	nm		
Stressed receiver sensitivity in OMA, each lane				-5.4	dBm	1	
Average power at receiver input, each lane		-9.5		2.4	dBm		
Receiver Reflectance				-12	dB		
Peak power, each lane				4	dBm		
LOS Assert		-30			dBm		
LOS De-Assert - OMA				-7.5	dBm		
LOS Hysteresis		0.5			dB		

## Note:

1. Measured with conformance test signal at TP3 for BER = 10e-12

## **Pin Descriptions**

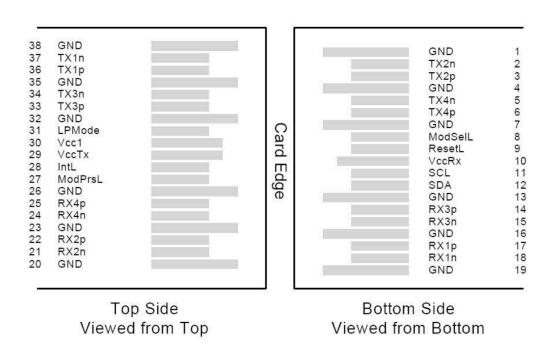
Pin	Logic	Symbol	Name/Descriptions	Ref.
1		GND	Module Ground	1
2	CML-I	Tx2-	Transmitter inverted data input	
3	CML-I	Tx2+	Transmitter non-inverted data input	
4		GND	Module Ground	1
5	CML-I	Tx4-	Transmitter inverted data input	
6	CML-I	Tx4+	Transmitter non-inverted data input	
7		GND	Module Ground	1
8	LVTTL-I	MODSEIL	Module Select	2
9	LVTTL-I	ResetL	Module Reset	2
10		VCCRx	+3.3v Receiver Power Supply	
11	LVCMOS-I	SCL	2-wire Serial interface clock	2
12	LVCMOS-I/O	SDA	2-wire Serial interface data	2
13		GND	Module Ground	1
14	CML-O	RX3+	Receiver non-inverted data output	
15	CML-O	RX3-	Receiver inverted dta output	
16		GND	Module Ground	1
17	CML-O	RX1+	Receiver non-inverted data output	
18	CML-O	RX1-	Receiver inverted data output	
19		GND	Module Ground	1
20		GND	Module Ground	1
21	CML-O	RX2-	Receiver inverted data output	
22	CML-O	RX2+	Receiver non-inverted data output	
23		GND	Module Ground	1
24	CML-O	RX4-	Receiver inverted data output	
25	CML-O	RX4+	Receiver non-inverted data output	
26		GND	Module Ground	1
27	LVTTL-O	ModPrsL	Module Present, internal pulled down to GND	
28	LVTTL-O	IntL	Interrupt output, should be pulled up on host board	2
29		VCCTx	+3.3v Transmitter Power Supply	
30		VCC1	+3.3v Power Supply	
31	LVTTL-I	LPMode	Low Power Mode	2
32		GND	Module Ground	1
33	CML-I	Tx3+	Transmitter non-inverted data input	

34	CML-I	Tx3-	Transmitter inverted data input	
35		GND	Module Ground	1
36	CML-I	Tx1+	Transmitter non-inverted data input	
37	CML-I	Tx1-	Transmitter inverted data input	
38		GND	Module Ground	1

#### Note:

- 1. Module circuit ground is isolated from module chassis ground with in the module.
- 2. Open collector; should be pulled up with 4.7k-10k ohms on host board to a voltage between 3.15V and 3.6V.

#### **Electrical Pin-out Details**



#### **ModSeIL Pin**

The ModSelL is an input pin. When held low by the host, the module responds to 2-wire serial communication commands. The ModSelL allows the use of multiple QSFP modules on a single 2-wire interface bus. When the ModSelL is "High", the module will not respond to any 2-wire interface communication from the host. ModSelL has an internal pull-up in the module.

#### **ResetL Pin**

Reset. LPMode\_Reset has an internal pull-up in the module. A low level on the ResetL pin for longer than the minimum pulse length (t\_Reset\_init) initiates a complete module reset, returning all user module settings to their default state. Module Reset Assert Time (t\_init) starts on the rising edge after the low level on the ResetL pin is released. During the execution of a reset (t\_init) the host shall disregard all status bits until the module indicates a completion of the reset interrupt. The module indicates this by posting an IntL signal with the Data\_Not\_Ready bit negated. Note that on power up (including hot insertion) the module will post this completion of reset interrupt without requiring a reset.

#### **LPMode Pin**

Operate in the low power mode (less than 1.5 W power consumption) This pin active high will decrease power consumption to less than 1W.

#### ModPrsL Pin

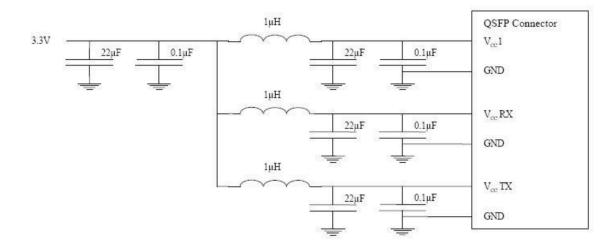
ModPrsL is pulled up to Vcc on the host board and grounded in the module. The ModPrsL is asserted "Low" when the module is inserted and de-asserted "High" when the module is physically absent from the host connector.

#### **IntL Pin**

IntL is an output pin. When "Low", it indicates a possible module operational fault or a status critical to the host system. The host identifies the source of the interrupt by using the 2-wire serial interface. The IntL pin is an open collector output and must be pulled up to Vcc on the host board.

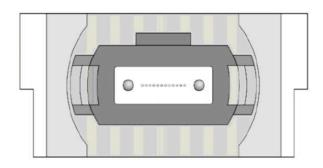
### **Power Supply Filtering**

The host board should use the power supply filtering shown below.



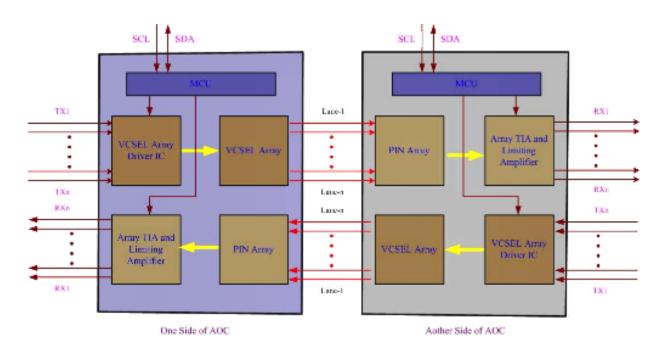
### **Optical Interface Lanes and Assignment**

The optical interface port is a male MPO connector .The four fiber positions on the left as shown below, with the key up, are used for the optical transmit signals (Channel 1 through 4). The fiber positions on the right are used for the optical receive signals (Channel 4 through 1). The central four fibers are physically present.

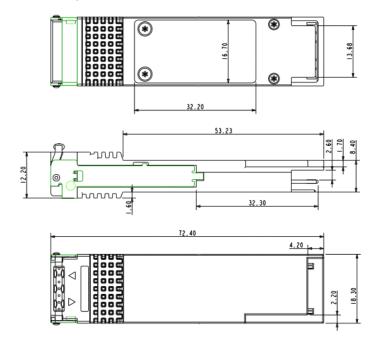


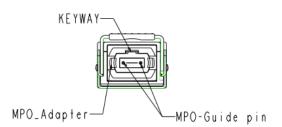
Transmit Channels: 1 2 3 4
Unused positions: x x x x
Receive Channels: 4 3 2 1

### **Module Block Diagram**



## **Mechanical Specifications**







#### **Data Communications**

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